

A concentrated strategy seeking opportunities in fast-growing developing economies. Fidelity's emerging markets (EM) experience and extensive fundamental and quantitative research combine to discover the best EM ideas.

## Why invest in this Fund?

Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund is a strategy that utilizes the strengths of Fidelity's global research team to identify leading companies in emerging market economies. Emerging market economies tend to have less correlation to broader market indexes and developed markets, which could provide the potential for portfolio diversification benefits amid an uncertain economic environment.

### Ripe for stock picking

Emerging markets are a disparate universe with a disproportionate number of mega-cap constituents that are poor capital allocators.

### A unique building block

Advantageous for asset allocators seeking alpha over beta.

### The experience of Fidelity

Well-resourced, dedicated EM analyst team and a portfolio manager with experience in concentrated sectors and diversified portfolios.

## Investment philosophy

Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund is anchored in the belief that stocks follow earnings, and that skilled active management can consistently identify mispriced opportunities through the economic cycle.



**Sam Polyak** is a portfolio manager in the Equity division at Fidelity Investments, and serves as a portfolio manager of Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund. Before joining Fidelity in June 2010, Sam was a principal and portfolio co-manager at Ninth Wave Capital Management from 2007 to 2009, where he helped found the long-only and long-short Emerging Markets Equity Fund. Previously, he worked as head of EM research at Oppenheimer Funds from 2005 to 2007, and as a portfolio co-manager, head of EM research and analyst at Pioneer Investments from 1998 to 2005. He has been in the financial industry since 1998.

## Fund details

<b>Number of holdings</b>	30-70 (typically <50)
<b>Cash</b>	≤ 3%
<b>Sector weights</b>	+/- 5% of index
<b>Benchmark</b>	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
<b>Risk rating</b>	Medium to high
<b>Purchase options</b>	CDN\$, US\$, Corporate Class, ETF Series

## Why Fidelity for emerging markets



**1. Research:**  
Deep experience in debt and equity markets and high-quality proprietary research offer more coverage and opportunities (small caps, IPOs, debt issuance).



**2. Sector focus:**  
Sector-focused research experts provide global and regional perspectives.



**3. Sovereign insights:**  
Comprehensive top-down analysis assesses macroeconomic factors.



**4. Investment context:**  
Fidelity's resources provide a rich context for analysis, spanning supply chains, competitors, company history, M&A insights and debt investor perspectives.



**5. Disciplined process:**  
The disciplined, repeatable investment process selects stocks and issues based on fundamentals and uses risk assessment to construct the portfolio.

## Fund codes

	SERIES A*			SERIES B	SERIES F
	DSC	LL	LL2	ISC	NL
<b>Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund</b>	575	875	075	275	675
<b>Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund US\$</b>	476	876	076	776	676
<b>Fidelity Emerging Markets Class</b>	1575	1875	1075	1275	1675
<b>Fidelity Emerging Markets Class US\$</b>	4575	4875	4075	4275	4675

\* Fidelity will no longer offer purchase into DSC series, including Low Load and Low Load 2 purchase options, after the close of business on May 31, 2022. DSC redemption schedules for sales made prior to June 1, 2022 will continue to apply as permitted by regulatory amendments.

## Ticker

Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund – ETF Series

FCEM

For more information, contact your financial advisor or visit [fidelity.ca](https://www.fidelity.ca).



Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees, brokerage fees and expenses may be associated with investments in mutual funds and ETFs. Please read the mutual fund's or ETF's prospectus, which contains detailed investment information, before investing. Mutual funds and ETFs are not guaranteed. Their values change frequently, and investors may experience a gain or a loss. Past performance may not be repeated.

Unlike traditional mutual fund series, exchange-traded series (ETF series) are traded on stock exchanges. In the event of a disruption or a halt in trading of the ETF series on a stock exchange or marketplace on which the ETF series of a fund are traded, the trading price of the ETF series may be affected. As a result, the disruption or halting of such trading may cause a performance variance between the ETF series and the traditional mutual fund series because the ETF series may trade in the market at a premium or discount to the net asset value (NAV) per unit. There can be no assurance that the ETF series trading price will behave similar to the NAV per unit. The trading price of the ETF series will fluctuate in accordance with changes in a fund's NAV, as well as market supply and demand on the exchange or marketplace on which the ETF series are traded. As such, the performance between the ETF series and the traditional mutual fund series of a fund may vary. In addition, there are other factors that could lead to performance variances between the ETF series and the traditional mutual fund series, such as, for example, brokerage commissions and HST.

The **MSCI Emerging Markets Index** is used to measure the financial performance of companies in fast-growing economies around the world. The index tracks mid-cap and large-cap stocks in 25 countries. Its top holdings currently concentrate on Asian and Indian companies in the infotech, financial, and consumer discretionary sectors.

The investment risk level indicated is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of a fund, as measured by the ten-year annualized standard deviation of the returns of a fund or those of a reference index, in the case of a new fund.

This information is for general knowledge only and should not be interpreted as tax advice or recommendations. Every individual's situation is unique and should be reviewed by his or her own personal legal and tax consultants.